## Agenda

## Economy and Environment Overview and Scrutiny Panel

# Friday, 22 January 2016, 10.00 am County Hall, Worcester

All County Councillors are invited to attend and participate

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বাংলা। আপনি যদি এই দলিলের বিষয়বন্ধু বুরতে না পারেন এবং আপনার জন্য অনুবাদ করার মত পরিচিত কেউ না থাকলে,অনুগ্রহ করে সাধ্যয্যের জন্য 01905 765765 নম্বরে যোগাযোগ করুন। (Bengali)

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اردو. اگر آپ اس دستاویز کی مشمو لات کو سمچینے سے قاصر ہیں اور کسی ایسے شخص تک آپ کی رسانی نہیں ہے جو آپ کے لئے اس کا نترجمہ کرسکے نو، برراہ کرم مدد کے لئے کئے کا 76576 7050 ور رابطہ کریں۔ (Urdu)

کور دی سنر رانی. ندگسر ناتوانی تنیدگدی له نارهر زکی نم بهلگدیه و دهستت به هیچ کس ناگات که وجیبگیزیتموه بزت، تکابه تطغیز بکه بنز ژمارهی 765765 01905 و دارای ړینیزینی بکه. (Kurdish)

ਪੰਜਾਬੀ। ਜੇ ਤੁਸੀਂ ਇਸ ਦਸਤਾਵੇਜ਼ ਦਾ ਮਜ਼ਮੂਨ ਸਮਝ ਨਹੀਂ ਸਕਦੇ ਅਤੇ ਕਿਸੇ ਅਜਿਹੇ ਵਿਅਕਤੀ ਤੱਕ ਪਹੁੰਚ ਨਹੀਂ ਹੈ, ਜੋ ਇਸਦਾ ਤੁਹਾਡੇ ਲਈ ਅਨੁਵਾਦ ਕਰ ਸਕੇ, ਤਾਂ ਕਿਰਪਾ ਕਰਕੇ ਮਦਦ ਲਈ 01905 765765 'ਤੇ ਫ਼ੋਨ ਕਰੋ। *(Punjabi)* 



#### **DISCLOSING INTERESTS**

### There are now 2 types of interests: <a href="https://doi.org/10/15/15/2015/">'Disclosable pecuniary interests'</a> and 'other disclosable interests'

#### WHAT IS A 'DISCLOSABLE PECUNIARY INTEREST' (DPI)?

- Any **employment**, office, trade or vocation carried on for profit or gain
- **Sponsorship** by a 3<sup>rd</sup> party of your member or election expenses
- Any **contract** for goods, services or works between the Council and you, a firm where you are a partner/director, or company in which you hold shares
- Interests in **land** in Worcestershire (including licence to occupy for a month or longer)
- **Shares** etc (with either a total nominal value above £25,000 or 1% of the total issued share capital) in companies with a place of business or land in Worcestershire.

#### NB Your DPIs include the interests of your spouse/partner as well as you

#### WHAT MUST I DO WITH A DPI?

- Register it within 28 days and
- **Declare** it where you have a DPI in a matter at a particular meeting
  - you must not participate and you must withdraw.

NB It is a criminal offence to participate in matters in which you have a DPI

#### WHAT ABOUT 'OTHER DISCLOSABLE INTERESTS'?

- No need to register them but
- You must declare them at a particular meeting where:
   You/your family/person or body with whom you are associated have
   a pecuniary interest in or close connection with the matter under discussion.

#### WHAT ABOUT MEMBERSHIP OF ANOTHER AUTHORITY OR PUBLIC BODY?

You will not normally even need to declare this as an interest. The only exception is where the conflict of interest is so significant it is seen as likely to prejudice your judgement of the public interest.

#### DO I HAVE TO WITHDRAW IF I HAVE A DISCLOSABLE INTEREST WHICH ISN'T A DPI?

Not normally. You must withdraw only if it:

- affects your pecuniary interests OR relates to a planning or regulatory matter
- AND it is seen as likely to prejudice your judgement of the public interest.

#### **DON'T FORGET**

- If you have a disclosable interest at a meeting you must disclose both its existence and nature – 'as noted/recorded' is insufficient
- Declarations must relate to specific business on the agenda
  - General scattergun declarations are not needed and achieve little
- Breaches of most of the **DPI provisions** are now **criminal offences** which may be referred to the police which can on conviction by a court lead to fines up to £5,000 and disgualification up to 5 years
- Formal **dispensation** in respect of interests can be sought in appropriate cases.



## Economy and Environment Overview and Scrutiny Panel Friday, 22 January 2016, 10.00 am, County Hall, Worcester

#### Membership

#### **Councillors:**

Dr K A Pollock (Chairman), Mr G J Vickery (Vice Chairman), Mr A T Amos, Mr A A J Adams, Ms P Agar, Mr W P Gretton, Mr M E Jenkins, Mr J W R Thomas and Mr P A Tuthill

#### **Agenda**

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Item No	Subject	Page No
1	Apologies and Welcome	
2	Declarations of Interest and of any Party Whip	
3	Public Participation  Members of the public wishing to take part should notify the Head of Legal and Democratic Services in writing or by email indicating the nature and content of their proposed participation no later than 9.00am on the working day before the meeting (in this case 21 January 2016). Enquiries can be made through the telephone number/email address below.	
4	Confirmation of the Minutes of the previous meeting Previously circulated.	
5	Ketch Roundabout Update	1 - 2
6	Budget and Performance Monitoring: Economy and Environment	3 - 20
7	Local Economic Multiplier	21 - 34

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To obtain further information or hard copies of this agenda, please contact Emma James/Jo Weston telephone:Worcester(01905) 76 6627,email: <a href="mailto:scrutiny@worcestershire.gov.uk">scrutiny@worcestershire.gov.uk</a>

All the above reports and supporting information can be accessed via the Council's website at <a href="http://www.worcestershire.gov.uk/info/20013/councillors">http://www.worcestershire.gov.uk/info/20013/councillors</a> and committees

Date of Issue: Thursday, 14 January 2016





# ECONOMY AND ENVIRONMENT OVERVIEW AND SCRUTINY PANEL 22 JANUARY 2016

#### **KETCH ROUNDABOUT UPDATE**

#### **Summary**

1. The Director of Economy and Infrastructure and relevant officers have been invited to update the Panel on the Ketch Roundabout, in particular, to cover lessons learned.

#### **Background**

- 2. Concerns about the Ketch Roundabout redesign were discussed by the Panel on 24 June 2015. The Ketch roundabout forms part of a stretch of the A4440 road from Whittington to Powick roundabout in Worcester, which is subject to improvements due to capacity constraints.
- 3. Concerns about the roundabout had been highlighted by the Overview and Scrutiny Performance Board, which, given the degree of public concern, asked the Panel to look into the issues involved.
- 4. The scrutiny panel discussion involved the Cabinet Member for Economy, Skills and Infrastructure, the Director, and also the county councillor for Powick and local members for St Peters divisions.
- 5. The Minutes provide a record of the discussion, which can be accessed here

#### Purpose of the meeting

6. The Panel is asked to consider the update on the Ketch roundabout and determine whether any further information or scrutiny is required.

#### **Supporting Information**

#### **Contact Points**

**County Council Contact Points** 

Worcestershire County Council (01905) 763763

Worcestershire Hub (01905) 765765

Email: Worcestershirehub@worcestershire.gov.uk

#### Specific Contact Points for this report

Emma James and Jo Weston, Overview and Scrutiny Officers, Commercial and Change

Directorate Tel: 01905 76 6627

Email: scrutiny@worcestershire.gov.uk

#### **Background Papers**

In the opinion of the proper officer (in this case the Head of Legal and Democratic Services) the following are the background papers relating to the subject matter of this report:

- Agenda and Minutes of:
  - o Overview and Scrutiny Performance Board on 8 June 2015
  - Economy, Environment and Communities Overview and Scrutiny Panel on 24 June 2015

Minutes and Agendas are available on the Council's website at <a href="http://www.worcestershire.gov.uk/cms/democratic-services/minutes-and-agendas.aspx">http://www.worcestershire.gov.uk/cms/democratic-services/minutes-and-agendas.aspx</a>



## ECONOMY AND ENVIRONMENT OVERVIEW AND SCRUTINY PANEL

#### **22 JANUARY 2016**

## BUDGET AND PERFOMANCE MONITORING: ECONOMY AND ENVIRONMENT

#### **Summary**

- 1. As part of the Council's consultation process for the 2016/17 budget proposals, the Director and Cabinet Members with Responsibility for Economy, Environment, Highways and Infrastructure have been invited to discuss:
  - latest performance information for 2015/16
  - the draft 2016/17 budget.

#### 2015/16 Performance

2. The Panel will be provided with an overview of performance from July to September 2015 (Quarter 2), which is the latest available data. The performance data can be accessed on the Council's website at the link below (by selecting 'Business Environment and Community' from the Directorate field), and a copy is attached at Appendix 1.

http://e-services.worcestershire.gov.uk/balancedScorecard/wccReport.aspx

#### 2016/17 Budget Proposals

- 3. Following the scrutiny panels' round of budget discussions during November 2015, the Budget Member Challenge Group has requested that panels revisit and agree their comments on the Future Fit savings proposals taking into account <a href="their information discussed by Cabinet at its meeting on 17 December 2015">their information discussed by Cabinet at its meeting on 17 December 2015</a> (hard copy circulated to Members of the Panel).
- 4. The final settlement information received from the Government in late December is still being worked through.
- 5. The conclusion of the Budget Member Challenge exercise, incorporating the views of individual scrutiny panels, will inform the Overview and Scrutiny Performance Board, which will be meeting on 28 January 2016 to consider what comments will be passed to Cabinet.

#### **Equality and Diversity Implications**

6. The Council's Equality and Diversity Manager contributed to the Panel's earlier discussion in November 2015, of the proposed 2016/17 budget.

#### **Purpose of the Meeting**

- 7. The Panel is asked to:
  - discuss and agree any comments which the Chairman will report back to the Budget Member Challenge Group
  - discuss the latest performance information and agree any comments to raise with the Cabinet Member(s)
  - agree any further information required or potential areas of scrutiny.

#### **Supporting Information**

Appendix 1 – Balanced Scorecard – Quarter 2 2015/16

#### **Contact Points**

#### **County Council Contact Points**

Worcestershire County Council; 01905 763763

Worcestershire Hub: 01905 765765

Email: worcestershirehub@worcestershire.gov.uk

#### Specific Contact Points for this Report

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#### **Background Papers**

In the opinion of the proper officer (in this case the Head of Legal and Democratic Services) the following are the background papers relating to the subject matter of this report:

- Agendas and Minutes of the Economy and Environment Overview and Scrutiny Panel on 25 November 2015, which are available <u>here</u>
- Agenda and Minutes of Cabinet on 17 December 2015



Worcestershire County Council Balanced Scorecard

Business Environment and Community

Quarter 2 2015/16

#### **Area of Focus Performance Indicators Overview**

		Nun	nber of In	dicators	(21)		
Area		Status		Direc	ction of T	ravel	Comments
	Red	Amber	Green	Up	Down	Static	
Economic Development and Planning P ຜູ	2	1	5	3	5	0	The two indicators rated 'red' relate to new businesses surviving three years or more. The data for these two measures (in which 2013 is the latest year) focusses on businesses set up in 2008, 2009, and 2010, years in which the effects of recession were being felt. The indicators rated 'green' focus on residents in employment, out-of-work benefits claimants, and Worcestershire's contribution to the national economy. Some of these indicators are not within Worcestershire County Council's direct control, but provide information about the local and national economic environment in which the County Council is operating.
ັດ ເກ Environment	1	1	3	2	2	1	The red-rated indicator relates to household waste generated per person in Worcestershire. This reached a long-term low in 2011/2012, but has risen in the years since then, with the increase continuing in 2014/2015. This rise is due in part to the economic recovery and to additional waste collections, but the impact of reduced investment in waste-prevention activity is also a factor. Current sustainability initiatives will continue to be promoted, whilst new programmes (e.g. subsidised food-waste digesters) are developed to tackle the production of household waste at source. Also being trialled are different methods of community engagement to encourage more sustainable waste-management behaviour, so that resources can be targeted more effectively. A flood-risk indicator has been developed as part of the Directorate-wide review of all Pls and, if approved, will be included in reports for the Panel relating to 2015/2016 performance.
Integrated Transport	2	1	5	3	1	4	The two red indicators have different directions of travel. The first (residents' satisfaction with the condition of roads) dropped as low as 30% in 2014, but – in line with the regional and national trends – rose to 35.4% in 2015. The second (bus passenger journeys) is currently down in the wake of the implementation of the proposals following the bus consultation and budget reductions. Bus services will continue to be promoted. Work with commercial and contracted bus operators will focus on encouraging efficient operation and enhancements of the passenger transport network, the aims being to increase patronage and reduce costs.
Summary	5	3	13	8	8	5	62% of indicators are rated green, 14% are rated amber, and 24% are rated red. In respect of direction of travel, 38% are moving upwards, a further 38% are moving downwards, and 29% show no significant change since the end of 2014/2015. All Pls have been reviewed and a smaller Directorate-level Scorecard, focussing on key priorities, including flood-risk management, has been developed. Changes are to be made to this draft Scorecard following feedback from the Directorate Management Team. Before implementation, approval for the new Scorecard will be sought from the Panel to ensure it meets Members' requirements.

#### **Area of Focus Performance Indicators Summary**

PI	Performance Indicator	Status	Direction of Travel	Full Details on Page
1	Economic growth – Worcestershire's Gross Value Added (GVA)	Green	<b>A</b>	4
2	Economic growth - percentage of England's Gross Value Added (GVA) contributed by Worcestershire	Green	<b>A</b>	4
3	Percentage of residents aged 16-64 on out of work benefits in Worcestershire	Green	<b>A</b>	5
4	People on out of work benefits - Percentage point difference between the percentage of residents aged 16-64 on out of work benefits in Worcestershire compared to England (four-quarter average)	Amber	<b>V</b>	5
5	16-24 year old Job Seekers Allowance claimants	Green	•	6
6	Percentage of adults aged 16-64 in employment in Worcestershire compared to England	Green	▼	6 – 7
7	Percentage of businesses surviving for three years or more in Worcestershire	Red	▼	7
Page	New businesses surviving for 3 years or more – Percentage-point difference between the percentage of new businesses surviving for three years or more in Worcestershire compared to England (four-year average)	Red	<b>V</b>	8
e ტ	Reduce greenhouse gas emissions	Green	▼	8
10	Reduce household waste collected per head (kg/h)	Red	•	9
11	Increase satisfaction with household waste recycling centres	Green	<b>A</b>	9
12	Corporate CO <sub>2</sub> emissions (Corporate Carbon Management Plan)	Amber	<b>A</b>	10
13	Improve the condition of Principal (A-class) roads	Green	<b>A</b>	10
14	Percentage of planned highways inspections completed on time	Amber	<b>4 &gt;</b>	11
15	Defects completed on time	Green	<b>4 &gt;</b>	11
16	Residents' satisfaction with the condition of roads	Red	<b>A</b>	12
17	Number of people killed or seriously injured (KSI) in Road Traffic Collisions (RTCs)	Green		13

18	Number of children aged under 16 killed or seriously injured (KSI) in Road Traffic Collisions (RTCs)	Green	<b>4 &gt;</b>	13
19	Number of monthly local bus passenger journeys	Red	•	13
20	PEMs (public enquiries) completed on time, in accordance with 28 day Service Level Agreement	Green	<b>∢</b> ▶	14
21	Number of successful challenges to all planning decisions by Appeal, Judicial Review or Ombudsman Adjudication	Green	<b>4 &gt;</b>	14
		Red 5	<b>▲ ▼ →</b> 1 4 0	
Su	ımmary	Amber 3	<b>▲ ▼ 1</b> 1	
		Green 13	<b>▲ ▼ →</b> 6 3 4	

Figures and commentary in respect of performance indicators relating to finance, internal business perspective, and human resources can be found on pages 14 to 16 inclusive.

#### Area of Focus

Focus	PI Ref	Performance Indicator	Target	Latest Perfor	rmance	Direction of Travel	Data Period	Comments
ssenisng to Doen for Business	1	Economic growth – Worcestershire's Gross Value Added (GVA)	Improving relative to the baseline (2008 - £9,421 million)	£10,818 million  Previous years' figures: 2012: £10,432 million 2011: £10,055 million 2010: £9,616 million 2009: £9,091 million 2008: £9,421 million	GREEN	1	2013	Data Commentary: Good performance = higher figure. The 2014 figure will be available in December 2015. The county's latest (2013) Gross Value Added figure (released by Office for National Statistics in December 2014) increased in comparison to 2012's. This continues the steady, year-on-year improvement in Worcestershire's figure since 2009's £8,815 million. Distribution, transport, accommodation, and food contributed £2,110 million to the county's 2013 figure, whilst manufacturing contributed £1,855 million. The 2008 baseline figure and the values for 2009 to 2013 have been amended in line with recently-refreshed Office for National Statistics data.  Activity: Worcestershire County Council's work with partners through Worcestershire Business Central is designed to facilitate the setting up of new businesses and access to subsequent advice and support. 2015/2016 will see continued planning and development of the Game Changer and Strategic Employment Sites. These occupy strategic locations within their markets to facilitate business investment and the re-location of businesses from inside and outside the county. The 70-acre Worcester Technology Park, for example, will provide up to 1,500,000 square feet of commercial space. The first serviced plots will be available from mid-2015.
Open for Business	2	Economic growth - percentage of England's Gross Value Added (GVA) contributed by Worcestershire	Maintaining or improving (relative to baseline of 0.78% (2008))	0.81%  Previous years' figures: 2012: 0.80% 2011: 0.81% 2010: 0.81% 2009: 0.80% 2008: 0.78%	GREEN	1	2013	Data Commentary: Good performance = higher percentage. The 2014 figure will be available in December 2015. The latest (2013) Office for National Statistics figure was published in December 2014. Worcestershire's contribution to England's economic output fell from 0.92% in 2004 to 0.78% in 2008. The figure has, however, shown a steady recovery since then. The latest figures for Herefordshire (0.26%) and Shropshire (0.42%) are slightly down on the equivalent 2012 figures (0.28% and 0.43% respectively). Warwickshire's contribution (1%) remains unchanged, but the combined contribution of the seven West Midlands authorities (4.29%) rose from 4.23% in 2012.  Activity: Please refer to the Activity section for Performance Indicator 1.

	^	Decade on out of wards beautiful	Doducie -	7.00/	CDEEN		May 2004 4	Data Commentanti Cood national la l
Open for Business	3	People on out of work benefits - Percentage of residents aged 16- 64 on out of work benefits in Worcestershire	Reducing (relative to the baseline of 10.0%, the 4-quarter average to November 2010)	7.9%  Previous figures:  Nov 14: 8.0%  Aug 14: 8.2%  May 14: 8.4%  Feb 14: 8.6%  Nov 13: 8.8%  Aug 13: 9.0%  May 13: 9.1%  May 12: 9.7%  May 11: 9.8%	GREEN	1	Aug 2014, Nov 2014, Feb 2015	Data Commentary: Good performance = lower percentage. The latest drop of 0.1 percentage points follows five consecutive quarters in each of which Worcestershire's four-quarter claimants average had reduced by 0.2 percentage points. The February 2015 data showed 27,620 of Worcestershire's 16 to 64 year-olds claiming out-of-work benefits, with the highest proportion of those (23.7%) being in the 45 to 54 year-old age-group (up from 23.4% in November 2014). 15.2% of Worcestershire's claimants in the latest data-set were aged under 25, up from 14.5% in November 2014. The Office for National Statistics data-sets used to calculate this Indicator's most-recent out-turns relate to a period in which there has been a steady decline in unemployment levels.  Activity: Worcestershire County Council will continue to oversee Enterprising Worcestershire and Worcestershire Graduate to Business Programme, both European Regional Development Fund schemes overseen by the County Council to, respectively, provide opportunities for residents and for Graduates/ Postgraduates to start their own business. Start-up Grants are
								also available from a number of sources.
Page 9 sseuisng to John Hade	4	People on out of work benefits - Percentage point difference between the percentage of residents aged 16-64 on out of work benefits in Worcestershire compared to England (four- quarter average)	Maintaining or Improving (relative to baseline of 2.0 percentage point difference between 2010 averages for Worcs and England	1.7 percentage points (4-quarter average)	AMBER		Aug 2014, Nov 2014, Feb 2015	<b>Data Commentary:</b> Good performance = higher percentage-point difference. The four-quarter average percentage of Worcestershire residents aged 16 to 64 claiming out-of-work benefits percentage rate fell from 8.0% at the end of November 2014 to 7.9% at the end of February 2015. From November 2014 to February 2015, the equivalent figure for England fell further (by 0.3 percentage points), but Worcestershire's figure is still 1.7 percentage points lower, albeit the gap between the two figures remains below the target of 2.0. Worcestershire's figure for the November to February quarter actually rose by 0.1 percentage points, but this was matched by a rise in England's figure during the same period.
O								Activity: Worcestershire County Council will continue to oversee Enterprising Worcestershire and Worcestershire Graduate to Business Programme, both European Regional Development Fund schemes overseen by the County Council to, respectively, provide opportunities for residents and for Graduates/ Postgraduates to start their own business. Start-up Grants are also available from a number of sources.

	5	16-24 year old Job Seekers	Reduction from	1.7%	GREEN	•	Sep 2015	Data Commentary: Good performance = lower percentage. Over
		Allowance claimants	baseline (5.1%)	(990 claimants)		-		the past two years, there has been a reduction in the County's
						*		claimants aged 16 to 24, the local percentage at the end of June
				Previous				2013 having been 4.1% (2,415 people aged 16 to 24). By
				percentages:-				contrast, the latest (September 2015) percentage is 1.7%,
				Jun 15: 1.5%				equating to 990 claimants aged 16 to 24. The equivalent figure at
				Mar 15: 2.1%				the end of June was 915; at the end of March it was 1,270.
				Dec 14: 1.9%				
				Sep 14: 2.4%				Compared with the previous data-set, the number and proportion
				Jun 14: 2.5%				of 16 to 24 year-olds claiming JSA rose by 75 (8.2%), with 45 of
(n				Mar 14: 3.4%				that figure being Wyre Forest residents. Of the overall total of 990, Worcester and Wyre Forest have the greatest percentages
Jes				Dec 13: 3.4%				(1.8%), with Redditch and Bromsgrove (both 1.6%) next-highest.
Susi				Sep 13: 4.0%				Malvern Hills' and Wychavon's figures were both 1.5%.
Open for Business				Previous	ı			Activity: Worcestershire County Council support Employment
en f				claimant				Hubs across Worcestershire which serve employment needs of
ဝိ				totals:-				young people, providing dedicated "Job Shops" in the County with
				Jun 15: 915				support, information, and advice. The first of these Employment
				Mar 15: 1,270				Hubs, established in partnership with Kidderminster College,
				Dec 14: 1,145				opened in Kidderminster in September 2014.
				Sep 14: 1,405				
				Jun 14: 1,450				The Graduate to Business in Worcestershire Programme will
P				Mar 14: 1,985				continue to provide Grants to Worcestershire SMEs to recruit
Page				Dec 13: 1,960				Graduates/Postgraduates on 1 year work placements and 3
				Sep 13: 2,335				month internships.
0								Worcestershire County Council and its partners continue to
								promote apprenticeships across the County as a means of
								starting a successful career. Such activity has led to a significant
								increase (more than 200%) in the numbers of Apprenticeships in
								Worcestershire over the last 2 years.
	6	Percentage of adults aged 16-64	Worcs at a	Worcs 78.2%,	GREEN			Data Commentary: Good performance = higher percentage-point
less		in employment in Worcestershire	statistically-	England			to Jun	difference. The employment rate for Worcestershire remains
usin		compared to England	significant	73.3%			2015	statistically higher than that for England, but whilst
r B			higher rate than	(Worcs is				Worcestershire's figure (78.2%) remains unchanged, the gap has
n fo			England	statistically				narrowed as England's percentage has increased by 0.4
Open for Business				higher)				percentage points. Worcestershire's percentage is derived from the latest Annual Population Survey data, which shows 273,800 of
O								the county's 350,200 16-64 year-olds in employment.
								the county 3 500,200 To-04 year-olds in employment.

Open for Business	6	Percentage of adults aged 16-64 in employment in Worcestershire compared to England (continued)	Worcs at a statistically- significant higher rate than England	Worcs 78.2%, England 73.3% (Worcs is statistically higher)	GREEN	•	Jul 2014 to Jun 2015	Activity: Worcestershire County Council's work with partners through Worcestershire Business Central is designed to facilitate the setting up of new businesses and access to subsequent advice and support. 2015 will see continued planning and development of the Game Changer and Strategic Employment Sites. These occupy strategic locations within their markets to facilitate business investment, the re-location of businesses from inside and outside the county, and job creation.  Worcestershire County Council and its partners continue to promote apprenticeships across the County as a means of starting a successful career. Such activity has led to a significant increase (more than 200%) in the numbers of Apprenticeships in Worcestershire over the last 2 years.
Page 11 sseuisng Joben to Description	7	Percentage of businesses surviving for three years or more in Worcestershire	Maintaining or Improving (relative to baseline of 67.7%)	61.3% (businesses born 2007 to 2010 surviving 3 years between 2010 and 2013) Last two years' out-turns:- 64.3% (businesses born 2006 to 2009 surviving 3 years between 2009 and 2012) 65.5% (businesses born 2005 to 2008 surviving 3 years between 2008 and 2011)	RED	<b>→</b>	2013	Data Commentary: Good performance = higher percentage. Performance has deteriorated as the latest data-set includes businesses set up in 2010 and so reflects the impact of thencurrent trends in the wider economy. The four-year average for Worcestershire fell from 64.3% to 61.3%. A total of 2,175 businesses were set up in Worcestershire in 2010. Of those, 1,270 (58.4%) were still trading in 2013. This was below the equivalent percentages for Herefordshire (62.6%), Gloucestershire (60.4%), Shropshire (60.3%), and Staffordshire (59.7%), but above those for the West Midlands (54.9%) and England (57.1%).  Activity: The County Council can only exercise a degree of influence over this indicator's performance and can never exert 100% control over it. Through Worcestershire Business Central, however, the County Council is working with its partners to positively influence the local business economy. Set up in March 2013 in response to feedback from over 1,200 businesses, Business Central has offered more than £3 million in grant support to Worcestershire businesses. Business Central's offer will be developed further in response to the government's proposal for Business Hubs  In the remainder of 2015, key will be to develop a European Structural and Investment Funds (ESIF) programme in response to latest EC business-support funding  Worcestershire LEP has agreed an expansion to its Growth Deal with the Government - an extra £7.2m will be invested in additional LEP projects between 2016 and 2021.  More support is being given to start-ups and early-stage businesses to give them every chance of surviving beyond the first, second, and third years.

ssenisng John Loudo Page 12	8	New businesses surviving for 3 years or more – Percentage-point difference between the percentage of new businesses surviving for three years or more in Worcestershire compared to England (four-year average)	(relative to baseline of 2.9 percentage points difference between the	1.9 percentage points (businesses born 2007 to 2010 surviving 3 years between 2010 and 2012)	RED	•	2013	Data Commentary: Good performance = higher percentage difference between the survival rates for Worcestershire and England.  There has been a marked narrowing in the average difference between Worcestershire's and England's respective percentages.  The most-recent data (published by Office for National Statistics in late-November 2014) relates to businesses set up in 2010. Across England, 207,520 businesses began trading in 2010; of those, 118,560 (57.1%) were still trading in 2013. The equivalent percentage for Worcestershire (58.4%) is derived from the fact that 1,270 of the 2,175 businesses set up in 2010 were still trading three years later.  The Worcestershire districts' figures for 2013 show that the highest percentage three-year survival-rate was in Malvern Hills (64.7%), with Bromsgrove's figure being 59.3%, Wyre Forest's 58.1%, Wychavon's 57.4%, Worcester City's 56.5%, and Redditch's 53.7%.  Worcestershire's three-year survival rate was 1.3 percentage points higher than England's, continuing the longstanding trend that the county's business survival-rate is higher than that for England as a whole.  The 2013 difference of 1.3 percentage points was half that in the 2012 data-set; the 2011 data-set difference was 2.9 percentage points; the 2008 data showed a difference of 0.7. The latest out-turn is the average of these four figures.  Activity: This indicator complements the one relating to the percentage of businesses surviving for three years or more in Worcestershire. The activity commentary for that measure is therefore applicable to this one. So, too, is the comment that the County Council only exercises a degree of influence over this indicator's performance, rather than having 100% control over it.
The Environment	9	Reduce greenhouse gas emissions	from 2005 levels by 2020	reduction in carbon emissions	GREEN	•	2012	<b>Data Commentary:</b> Good performance = higher percentage reduction. Annual update is confirmed by Department for Energy and Climate Change (DECC) during Quarter 3. Overall trend is down since 2005, however 2012/2013 emissions increased by 3% from 2011/2012.
The Er				from 2005 levels				Activity: A range of activity has been undertaken to reduce emissions countywide outlined in the County Climate Change Strategy & Action Plan. Changes nationally have also had an impact.

Open for Business	10	Reduce household waste collected per head (kg/h)	456.16 kg/head	459.8 kg/head	RED	•	2014/15	Data Commentary: Good performance = lower figure. The final annual figure is validated by Environment Agency at the end of each September.  Monitoring waste arising is important to WCC as we are responsible for the disposal of all Local Authority-collected waste in the county and this has a significant implication for our costs.  Due to the implementation of input controls at Household Recycling Centres (HRCs) and the impacts of an economic down turn, household waste generated per person in Worcestershire reached a long term low in 2011/2012. The 2014/2015 returns show that the rise which started in 2013/2014 is continuing. This rise has some links to the economic recovery. Extra garden waste collections implemented by district councils have also lead to an increase in waste arisings.
Page 13								Activity: Current sustainability initiatives will continue to be promoted, whilst new programmes (e.g. subsidised food waste digesters) are developed to tackle the production of household waste at source. We are also testing different methods of community engagement to encourage more sustainable waste management behaviour, so that we can focus resources more effectively. The LetsWasteLess website will continue to promote re-use and recycling to reduce household waste and the Love Food Hate Waste App (free to download) helps residents plan food shopping and use of leftovers in recipes.
The Environment	11	Increase satisfaction with household waste recycling centres	86%	87%  Previous years' results: 2014: 80% 2013: 84% 2012: 86% 2011: 86% 2010: 82% 2009: 79%	GREEN	1	2015	Data Commentary: Good performance = higher percentage of Worcestershire Viewpoint 2015 respondents who were very/fairly satisfied with household waste recycling centres. At a district level, Malvern Hills' 2015 satisfaction rating (93%) was the highest, with Redditch's and Worcester's both being 88%, Wyre Forest 87%, Wychavon 85%, and Bromsgrove's 83%. Wyre Forest's figure recovered from 62% in 2014. That low rating was probably linked to the then-current closure of the Kidderminster Recycling Centre for work to demolish a building containing asbestos.
								<b>Activity:</b> The indicator will continue to be monitored and any statistically-significant deterioration of the countywide or district satisfaction ratings will be investigated.

The Environment	12	Corporate CO <sub>2</sub> emissions (Corporate Carbon Management Plan)	30% reduction needed by end of March 2016 (from 2009/2010 levels)	14% reduction achieved to date	AMBER	1	2014/15	Data Commentary: Good performance = higher percentage reduction. This is an annually-reported indicator, with data collated and published in the following financial year. Emissions are reducing, but not necessarily in line with aspirational target. Further reduction is dependent on successful implementation of planned energy efficiency projects across the council.  Activity: A Carbon Management Plan (CMP) is in place to realise the challenging CO <sub>2</sub> reduction target. There is ongoing liaison with contractors to support CMP objectives. An active renewables programme is also in place and energy-efficiency projects are being funded through £1,700,000 'Spend-to-Save' funding pot. Street-lighting projects will contribute to overall reduction, as will the programme to rationalise WCC properties.
Pagse-lighe goben for Bugge-lighes	13	Improving condition of Principal (A-class) roads: percentage of Principal roads requiring major maintenance	4%	3.1% Previous years' out- turns: 2012/13: 3.8% 2011/12: 4% 2010/11: 4%  2013/2014 figures for other road categories: B: 4.1% C: 7.2% U: 14.2%	GREEN		2013/14	Data Commentary: Good performance = lower percentage of major roads requiring maintenance. The latest Surface Condition Assessment for the National Network of Roads (SCANNER) survey data released by Department for Transport (DfT) is that for 2013/2014. The 2014/2015 data is currently being checked by DfT. Local authorities' figures should be confirmed in December 2015, but will not be published by DfT until March 2016.  Worcestershire's 2013/2014 figure shows that the condition of the county's roads has improved, with just over 3% of principal roads requiring major maintenance.  There is, however, a disparity between this survey and the County Council's own Coarse Visual Inspection (CVI) programme. The SCANNER surveying equipment does not measure the whole road 'edge to edge' or see cracking in the same way as the human eye.  CVIs are carried out each year on all A, B, and C class roads and on 50% of Unclassified roads. In 2014/2015, a further 12.7 miles of principal roads in Worcestershire were classed as in need of repair, meaning that 5.1% of the 355 miles of local principal roads are in need of repair. The pattern of wet winters followed by hot summers for the last two years has had a detrimental effect on the condition of roads. This, coupled with a reduced budget of over 50% for carriageways over the past three years, has meant that road condition has deteriorated.  Activity: In recent years there has been significant investment (£50 million) targeted at improving road condition. Additional £3.3 million grant (to have been spent by March 2015) was received from Department for Transport September 2014.

	14	Percentage of planned highways inspections completed on time	100%	99%	AMBER	<b>→</b>	Sep 2015	<b>Data Commentary:</b> Good performance = higher percentage.  Worcestershire County Council's highways safety inspections follow the national guidelines laid out in the latest Code of Practice for Maintenance Management ( <i>Well-Maintained Highways</i> , July 2005). This states that:-
The Environment								<ul> <li>strategic routes, main and secondary distributor carriageways, and prestige and primary walking zones should all be inspected monthly</li> <li>link-road carriageways and secondary walking routes should be inspected every three months</li> <li>link foot- and cycleways remote from the carriageway should be inspected every six months</li> <li>local access roads and footways and cycle trails should be inspected annually</li> </ul>
Page 15								There is flexibility in inspection deadlines in the case of severe weather. For a monitoring frequency of one month, there is three working days flexibility, for three months there is seven working days flexibility, for six months there is 10 working days flexibility, and for an annual inspection there is 15 working days flexibility.  Currently, all inspections conducted by the North and South Teams remain within tolerance levels. The percentage has not dropped below 99% since August 2013, the out-turn for that month being 97%.
Directorate Indicator	15	Defects completed on time	100%	100%	GREEN		27/09/15	Data Commentary: Good performance = higher percentage.  All highway defects identified during inspections since 1 <sup>st</sup> April have been addressed within the guidelines as set out in the national Code of Practice for Highway Maintenance Management. Category 1 defects are defined as requiring prompt attention because they represent an immediate or imminent hazard or there is a risk of short-term structural damage. They are repaired either within 24 hours or, if the defect presents a serious danger, within one hour. Category 2 defects are completed in 28 days unless the risk assessment requires the shorter 7 day response time.  All defects identified during inspections conducted in the financial years from 2011/2012 to 2014/2015 inclusive were also addressed within the guidelines.

Spen for Business	Residents' satisfaction with the condition of roads	42.2%	35.4% Previous years' results: 2014: 30.0% 2013: 30.9% 2012: 35.4% 2011: 42.2%	RED	2015	Data Commentary: Good performance = higher percentage. Residents' satisfaction with the condition of Worcestershire's roads (as indicated by the 2015 Worcestershire Viewpoint Survey) rose significantly from 30% 'very' or 'fairly' satisfied in 2014 to 35.4% in 2015. The 2014 out-turn represented something of a check on the decline in the rating following a year-on-year drop from 42.2% in 2011.  The satisfaction rating can be influenced by seasonal factors and by circumstances current just before, or at the time of, the Viewpoint Survey. The 2015 Survey ran from 18 <sup>th</sup> May to 12 <sup>th</sup> June.  Worcestershire's 2015 rating was in keeping with the national trend, which was one of improved satisfaction compared with 2014 after a three-year decline. Leicestershire again had the highest County Council rating in 2015 (44.8%, up from 41.4% in 2014). Shropshire's 2015 figure rating was 41.2% (up from 36.9% in 2014), Gloucestershire's was 23.8% (an increase from 22.3%), and Herefordshire's rose from 2014's 18.8% to 27.4%.  Activity: To help understand the reasons for poor public perception in respect of highways, an independent Market Research Agency was commissioned to further investigate satisfaction with roads. Focus Groups were convened across Worcestershire (including Bromsgrove, Evesham, Kidderminster, Redditch, and Worcester) to collect evidence about public
67						perception of roads. Each participant was shown six film clips of roads (three from urban locations, three from rural locations) and asked to score the roads (one to ten, with ten being excellent, one being very poor), stating why they gave that particular score and to make suggestions for improvement. At the end of each Group, there was an open forum for further views or comments. The scores and comments were then analysed and the main topics ranked by the number of times they were raised. The topic ranked top was potholes, followed by (in descending order) road markings, road signs, quality of reinstatement, road surfaces, parking, congestion, foot- and cycle-paths, and roadworks.  A working group is now in place to review how the County Council may focus on influencing and improving public perception of Highways. This includes completion of a pilot to see if focused improvements make a difference in a local area.  Leicestershire County Council, which consistently has the highest satisfaction rating of all English County Councils, has increased the number of news stories (and more particularly <i>good</i> news stories) in the local media about road-improvement schemes.

Directorate Indicator	17	Number of people killed or seriously injured (KSI) in Road Traffic Collisions (RTCs)	58 KSI casualties (target for Jan, to Apr, based on previous years' data)	56 KSI casualties between Jan and Apr 2015 Previous years' figures for Jan to Apr: 2014: 46 2013: 37 2012: 31	GREEN			Data Commentary: Good performance = lower figure. A serious injury is defined as an injury for which a person is detained in hospital as an "in patient", or any of the following injuries, whether or not the individual is detained in hospital: fracture, concussion, internal injury, crushing, burns (excluding friction burns), severe cuts, severe general shock requiring medical treatment, and injuries causing death 30 or more days after the accident. The police record someone as seriously or slightly injured on the basis of information available within a short time of the accident. This generally will not reflect the results of a medical examination, but may be influenced according to whether or not the casualty is hospitalised or not.  The number of people killed or seriously injured in traffic accidents in the first four months of 2015 was 56, with 13 of those being recorded in January, a further 13 in February, 19 March, and 11 in April.  Activity: Monthly monitoring of figures to continue. Indicators now in place on lower-level Scorecards in respect of RTC casualties who are motorcyclists and accidents involving drivers aged 17 to 25. (Both indicators' latest figures show improvements compared with equivalent figures from 2014.)
Pirectorate Indicato 1/2		Number of children aged under 16 killed or seriously injured (KSI) in Road Traffic Collisions (RTCs)	3 child KSI casualties (target for Jan to Apr, based on previous years' data)	2 child KSI casualties between Jan and Apr 2015 Previous years' figures for Jan to Apr: 2014: 3 2013: 3 2012: 4	GREEN			Data Commentary: Good performance = lower figure. This indicator relates to children aged less than sixteen. During the first four months of 2015, two children were killed or seriously injured in a road traffic collision. The first accident occurred in March, the second in April.  Activity: Monthly monitoring of figures to continue
Directorate Indicator		Number of monthly local bus passenger journeys	1,138,035 per month	1,094,515 Previous months' totals:- Apr: 1,115,000 Mar: 1,150,064 Feb: 1,016,548 Jan: 1,096,853		•	·	Data Commentary: Good performance = higher monthly total. September 2014 saw the implementation of the proposals following the bus consultation and budget reductions. This was expected to have an effect on bus passenger journeys for at least the next quarter. In fact, however, all month-end totals since then have been below the monthly target.  Activity: We shall continue to promote bus services and work closely with commercial and contracted bus operators to encourage efficient operation and enhancements of the passenger transport network with the aim of increasing patronage and reducing costs.

Open for Business	Public Enquiry Management System (PEMS) – public enquiries completed on time, in accordance with 28 day Service Level Agreement		87% Recent month's figures: Aug 15: 87% Jul 15: 90% Jun 15: 90% May 15: 89% Apr 15: 89%	GREEN		Data Commentary: Good performance = higher percentage. The Exor Public Enquiry Management System (PEMS) is part of a computer-based suite of highways applications, in use by many local authorities. It provides the means to manage enquiries efficiently and respond to communication from the general public, businesses, and organisations. Customers' service needs are managed in a single, integrated database.  The percentage of timely completions has remained constant compared with the previous month's figures and – in keeping with previous years – slightly below April to Jun levels.  Activity: Maintenance depots review all individual requests over 28 days old to try to increase the percentage further. Standard practices reviewed in anticipation of the seasonal increase in PEMs during the winter.
Open for Business	Number of successful challenges to all planning decisions by Appeal, Judicial Review or Ombudsman Adjudication	0	0	GREEN		<b>Data Commentary:</b> Good performance = lower figure. The final figures for 2011/2012, 2012/2013, and 2013/2014 were zero.  There was one appeal during 2014/2015 Quarter 2.

#### Financial perspective

Pa	Financial perspective										
Performance Indicator	Target	Latest Performance		Direction of Travel	Data Period	Comments					
Capital Scheme out-turn within +/- 5% of budget	£131,434,000	£137,039,000	NO STATUS		Q1 2015/16	Data Commentary:					
						Activity:					
Expected budget position at end of financial year - Forecast Outturn (April to March) (Revenue)	£72,848,000	£73,572,000	GREEN		Q1 2015/16	Data Commentary:					
( 4 , ( ,						Activity:					
Financial savings achieved (Future Fit)	£8,765,000	Of the target £1,461,000 has been delivered to date and £5,115,000 is on-target	AMBER		Q2 2015/16	Data Commentary: The 2015/2016 target comprises £6,106,000 for 2015/2016, plus (as at 31/15/2015) – £50,000 still undelivered from 2012/2013, £30,000 from 2013/2014, and £2,579,000 from 2014/2015.  Of the overall 2015/2016 target, £1.5m (17%) has been delivered, £5.1m (58%) is on target, £0.8m (9%) has been rated at amber risk, and £1.4m (16%) has a RAG red rating.					
						<b>Activity:</b> During Quarter 2, red risks have increased by £0.2k, and amber risks have decreased by £0.3m.					

#### Internal business perspective

Performance Indicator	Target	Latest Perfo	rmance	Direction of Travel	Data Period	Comments
Attendance Rate	100%	98.53%	AMBER	1	Cumulative	<b>Data Commentary:</b> This is a new indicator, monitoring the percentage of total working time attended (not lost due to sickness absence) during the period. Q2's performance ensured that the overall figure for the current financial year improved from 98.09% at the end of June.
						Activity:
Sickness Rates (average days sick per person [FTE] / Average episodes per person during the period)	7.00 days	2.31 / 0.32	GREEN	1	Q2 2015/16	<b>Data Commentary:</b> By comparison, the 2014/2015 figure at the end of Quarter 2 was a green-rated 2.67 / 0.35, with the year-end figure of 4.28 / 0.76 also being rated green.
						The 2015/2016 year-end projection at the end of Quarter 2 was 4.62 / 0.65.
Employees - Actual FTE (Full Time Equivalents)	726.34	625.43	GREEN	1	Q2 2015/16	<b>Data Commentary:</b> Number of FTE employees as at 30 <sup>th</sup> September 2015 (target and RAG rating based on budgeted establishment FTE derived from 2015/2016 Budget Book).
Page 1						The figure at the end of Quarter 2 was below the figure at the end of Quarter 1 (629.97) and that for the end of Quarter 2 of 2014/2015 (655.39).
Agency spend	Downward travel	£74,181.00 (3,363.00 hours)	NO STATUS	1	Q2 2015/16	<b>Data Commentary:</b> Cost of agency staff during the period (agency usage in hours shown in brackets). Performance was slightly worse compared with that for the first Quarter of 2015/2016, when the costs were £73,683.00 and the hours worked 3,763.00 hours. The Q2 figures for 2015/2016 were, however, much lower than those for Q2 of 2014/2015 (£142,113.00 for 7,368.00 hours worked).

#### Customer perspective

Performance Indicator	Target	Latest Performance	Direction of Travel		Comments
Mail monitoring	0	3 RED	•	, '	Data Commentary: BEC has a target of responding to correspondence within the Authority's standard in 100% of cases. The Authority's standard is that correspondence should be answered within seven working days of its receipt. If that is not possible, an acknowledgment should be sent within seven working days and a full reply sent within fifteen working days. September 2014's three exceptions arose from 207 letters received.

Mail monitoring (continued)	0	3	RED		Sep 2014	Activity: Monitoring of this indicator at Service and Unit level
				•		continues to be undertaken internally on a monthly basis, but reporting of this indicator on the Scorecard will only be able to re-start once the new Directorate structures are in place.

#### Learning and growth perspective

			Direction	Doto		
Performance Indicator	Target	I STACT BATTATMANA I		of Travel	Data Period	Comments
Staff Appraisals completed (SRDs)	100%	77.43%	RED	•	Sep 2015	<b>Data Commentary:</b> Percentage of staff appraisals (SRDs) where Part A (Objectives) for 2013/14 is completed (excludes staff who have been absent for the whole period, staff new in post and reliefs/casuals/ sessionals). The Q2 BEC figure in 2014/2015 was a red-rated 77.06%, with performance reaching an amber-rated 83.39% by 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2015.
Staff Viewpoint response rate  Page 20	N/A	49%	N/A			Data Commentary: 2014/2015 was the second year that the staff survey has been distributed to all staff. The BEC response rate in 2014 was well above the authority's overall figure (37%) and was also up when compared with the BEC figure for 2013/2014 (33%). The survey provides insight into views across the organisation and feedback on issues such as leadership, performance, engagement and wellbeing, and current climate and change.  The results of the 2015 Staff Survey will be available to Strategic Leadership Team in January 2016, with the Survey Working Group submitting proposed follow-up actions to Directorates' Leadership Teams in February.
Staff who feel strongly that decision making is too slow	N/A	57%	N/A		2014/15	<b>Data Commentary:</b> The Directorate's latest percentage is slightly up on the previous Survey's equivalent one of 56% and was also above the WCC figure (51%).
Staff who feel that the County Council has a clear vision for the future	N/A	63%	N/A			<b>Data Commentary:</b> BEC's percentage remained unchanged from the equivalent percentage in the 2013 Survey and was two percentage points higher than the overall WCC percentage.
Staff who feel that their manager keeps them informed	N/A	67%	N/A			<b>Data Commentary:</b> The equivalent WCC out-turn was 73%. In the 2013 Survey, 58% of staff in BEC felt that their manager kept them informed.
Staff who feel valued for their contribution to the County Council	N/A	27%	N/A		2014/15	<b>Data Commentary:</b> The latest BEC result, which matched that for WCC as a whole, equated to a fall of five percentage points compared with the 2013 Survey. The 2014 Survey also indicated 30% of BEC staff did not feel valued for their contribution (WCC: 34%). The equivalent 2013 out-turns: BEC 31%, WCC 30%.



# ECONOMY AND ENVIRONMENT OVERVIEW AND SCRUTINY PANEL 22 January 2016

#### LOCAL ECONOMIC MULTIPLIER

#### **Summary**

1. The Head of Strategy and Infrastructure, and the Research Business Partner have been invited to the meeting to discuss the Local Economic Multiplier and how Council spending might benefit the local economy.

#### **Background**

2. On 30 September 2015, the Panel planned to consider the Local Economic Multiplier as part of its discussion on Economic progress in Worcestershire and what the Council might do to help increase "Gross Value Added (GVA)" (i.e. the contribution to the economy of each individual producer, industry or sector). As there was insufficient time to consider the issue that day, the Chairman has agreed to add it to this agenda.

#### **Local Economic Multiplier**

- 3. The Panel have asked to discuss local economic multiplier work in Worcestershire. An economic multiplier effect describes the impact that spending has in the economy, taking into consideration knock-on effects. The measuring process starts with a source of income and follows how it is spent and re-spent within a defined geographic area. A higher proportion of money re-spent in the local economy means a higher multiplier effect because more income is generated for local people. More income retained locally, or nationally, means more jobs, higher pay and more tax revenue for government, all of which may lead to better living standards.
- 4. Local Multiplier 3 has been developed by the New Economics Foundation as a way of measuring local economic impact. It is designed to help people examine local money flows and how their organisation can improve its local economic impact, and the effect of the public's procurement decisions.
- 5. Further information can be found from the following link http://www.proveandimprove.org/tools/localmultiplier3.php
- 6. An analysis has been carried out of the County Council's spend in Worcestershire using this approach and details are attached at Appendix 1.
- 7. Members are reminded that a scrutiny of local procurement was carried out in 2012, which looked at whether the Council's procurement procedures and contract specifications do enough to encourage local businesses to bid for Council contracts.

#### Purpose of the meeting

8. Members are asked to consider the Local Economic Multiplier and determine whether they wish to make any comments to the Cabinet Member with Responsibility.

#### **Supporting Information**

Appendix 1 – Local Economic Multiplier Analysis

#### **Contact Points**

**County Council Contact Points** 

Worcestershire County Council (01905) 763763

Worcestershire Hub (01905) 765765

Email: Worcestershirehub@worcestershire.gov.uk

Specific Contact Points for this report

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Directorate Tel: 01905 76 6627

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#### **Background Papers**

In the opinion of the proper officer (in this case the Head of Legal and Democratic Services) the following are the background papers relating to the subject matter of this report:

Agenda and Minutes of:

- Overview and Scrutiny Performance Board on 8 June 2015
- Economy, Environment and Communities Overview and Scrutiny Panel 9 May 2014
- Scrutiny of local procurement 2012

All of which are available on the Council's website at

http://www.worcestershire.gov.uk/cms/democratic-services/minutes-and-agendas.aspx

# Local Economic Impact Local Multiplier 3 (LM3) analysis

Economy and Environment Overview and Scrutiny Panel

22 January 2016



## **Contents**

- Background
- Outline of the approach
- Results
  - Each round
  - Local Multiplier 3 Indicator
- Conclusions

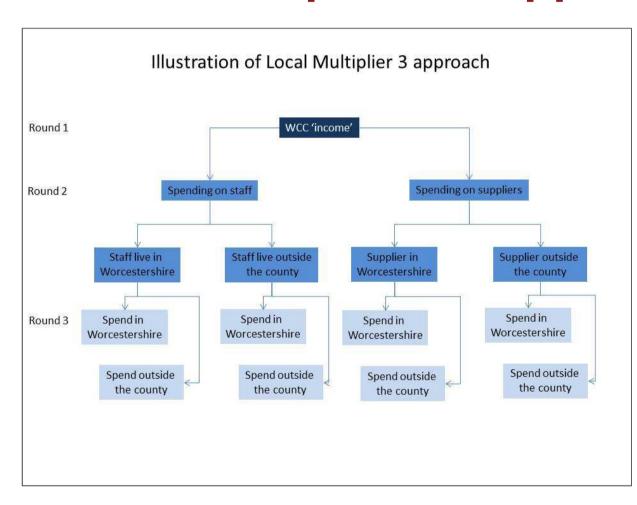


## **Background**

- Council spends significant sums on services
- Local Multiplier approach is a simple and understandable way of measuring local economic impact of that spending
  - Considers flow of money into and around an area
  - Developed by the New Economics Foundation
- Initial analysis of 2013/14 data presented to the Open for Board in March 2015 – subsequently updated using 2014/15 data (presented here)
- Uses Finance and Human Resources data, plus evidence gathered from supplier and staff engagement



## Local Multiplier 3 - Approach



Round 1: Starts with 'income' of WCC (money available to be spent)

Round 2: Identifies how this money is spent, and how much is local/ non-local

Round 3: Identifies how suppliers and staff spend their money, and how much is local/ non-local

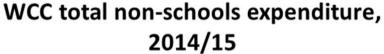


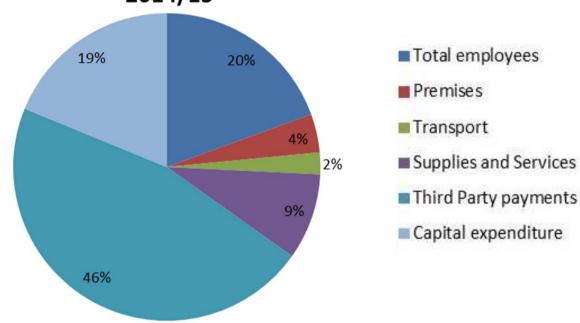
## Local Multiplier 3 – Round 1

- County Council 'income' = £644.5m
- Figure includes:
  - spending of Worcestershire County Council activities
  - spending on major school capital projects where the Council hold the funding
  - schools support within WCC e.g. Learning and Achievement
- Excludes:
  - spend devolved to schools from the Dedicated Schools Grant
    - each school spends this on operating the school (i.e. staff, building costs, other running costs)
    - Schools Devolved Capital (minor projects)
- Increase of £51,870 on 2013/14 expenditure
  - Largely due to increased capital expenditure
  - e.g. Energy from Waste, Highways schemes, Malvern Hills Science Park etc...



## **Local Multiplier 3 - Round 1**





Total: £644.5 million



## Local Multiplier 3 - Round 2

Finance and HR data used to identify local/ non-local spend by category

Category	Total	Local	% local
	expenditure £m	expenditure £m	
Total employees*	125.3	54.7	43.7
Transport	14.7	11.8	80.3
Premises	26.0		
Supplies, services, third party payments	357.2	281.2	73.4
Capital Expenditure	121.2	79.3	65.4
Total	644.5	427.0	66.3

<sup>\*</sup> Of the £125m total spend on employees £35m is employer National Insurance and pension contributions and is considered non-local, and £21m is employee tax and deductions which are considered non-local - the remaining £69m, is paid to staff, of which 80% goes to staff who live in Worcestershire

Almost £55m went to employees who live in Worcestershire as take-home pay – this is 44% of the total spending on employees

66% of WCC spending goes to staff or businesses within



Worcestershire

## **Local Multiplier 3 - Round 3**

- Staff and suppliers were surveyed regarding where money received from Worcestershire County Council is spent
  - 42 staff and 80 suppliers responded
- Local staff and local suppliers spend more in Worcestershire

Category	expenditure	Local expenditure £m	% local
Staff resident in Worcestershire	54.7	29.0	53
Staff not resident in Worcestershire	14.0	3.6	26
Worcestershire based suppliers/providers	372.3	246.8	66
Non-Worcestershire based suppliers/providers	146.9	15.3	10
Total	587.9	294.8	50

Staff living in Worcestershire indicated they spend 53% of their income in the county, compared to 26% for non-Worcestershire-based staff



## **Local Multiplier 3 - Indicator**

 LM3 indicator = round 1 + round 2 + round 3 round 1

Theoretical maximum LM3 value = 3.0 (if all spending stayed local)
Realistic maximum upper limit = 2.5

- LM3 indicator = (644.5 + 427.0 + 294.8)/644.5 = 2.12
- Every £1 spent by Worcestershire County Council contributes a total of £2.12 to the county's economy
- Total amount of money in the local economy from the three rounds of WCC spending is £1.37bn

# Local Multiplier 3 – how can we use it?

- A higher LM3 score would indicate more of the money spent by WCC is staying in the local economy
- For a given level of spend, LM3 score could theoretically be increased by:
  - 1. Increasing the percentage of staff that live in Worcestershire
  - Increasing the percentage of staff spending in Worcestershire
  - Increasing the percentage of spend that goes to local Worcestershire companies
  - 4. Increasing the percentage of supplier spending that goes to Worcestershire staff and businesses

Greatest scope to increase LM3 from supplier spend rather than staff spend BUT need to comply with procurement regulations



## **Conclusions**

- Local Multiplier analysis helps the council to understand and consider how the money it spends flows through the local economy
- The analysis looks at part, but not all, of the council's economic impact
- Could inform procurement processes
  - through supplier discussions
  - understand local benefits from potential contracts (e.g. when Commissioning)
  - but process and decisions need to comply with procurement rules



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